<u>FINANCIAL REPORT WITH</u> <u>SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION</u>

Year Ended March 31, 2006

AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

Issue under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is n					
Local Government Type	Local Government Name	 	Coun	tv	
☐ City ☑ Township ☐ Village ☐ Other	Township of Ronald		lor	•	
Audit Date Opinion Date		ccountant Report Submitted			
March 31, 2006 August 4		gust 4, 2006			
We have audited the financial statements prepared in accordance with the Statement Reporting Format for Financial Statement Department of Treasury.	ents of the Governmenta	Accounting Standards	Board (G	ASB) and	the <i>Uniform</i>
We affirm that:					
1. We have complied with the Bulletin for	the Audits of Local Units	s of Government in Mich	igan as re	vised.	
2. We are certified public accountants reg		_			
We further affirm the following. "Yes" res the report of comments and recommenda		sed in the financial state	ments, ind	cluding the	e notes, or in
You must check the applicable box for ea	ch item below.				
	units/funds/agencies of t	ne local unit are exclude	d from the	financial	statements.
yes 🖾 no 2. There are accumula earnings (P.A. 275 c	ated deficits in one or mo of 1980).	e of this unit's unreserve	ed fund ba	ilances/re	tained
yes 🗵 no 3. There are instances 1968, as amended).	of non-compliance with	the Uniform Accounting	and Budg	eting Act (P.A. 2 of
	yes 🗵 no 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.				
	<u> </u>				
yes 🗵 no 6. The local unit has been delinquent distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.					
yes no 7. The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during they year).					
☐ yes ☒ no 8. The local unit uses of 1995 (MCL 129.241	7 and the state of				P.A. 266 of
☐ yes ☒ no 9. The local unit has not adopted an investment policy as required by P.A. 196 of 1997 (MCL 129.95).					
We have enclosed the following:		Enclos	I .	To Be warded	Not
The letter of comments and recommend	ations.	X	eu roi	warueu	Required
Penorte on individual federal financial assists					X
Single Audit Reports (ASLCU)					
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)					
Campbell, Kusterer & Co., P.C.					
Street Address 512 N. Lincoln, Suite 100, P.O. Box 6	86	City Bay City	State MI	Zip 4870	17
Campbell, Kustere &C	<u></u>				

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2-3
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Statement of Net Assets	4
Government-wide Statement of Activities	5
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Fund:	
Balance Sheet	6
Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Net Assets	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities	9
Notes to Financial Statements	10-15
Required Supplemental Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	16
Other supporting information:	
General Fund Expenditures by Detailed Account	17-18
Current Tax Collection Fund – Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	19
Current Tax Collection Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements	20

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA KENNETH P. KUSTERER, CPA 512 N. LINCOLN AVE. - SUITE 100 PO. BOX 686 BAY CITY, MICHIGAN 48707 TEL (989) 894-1040 FAX (989) 894-5494

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

August 4, 2005

To the Township Board Township of Ronald Ionia County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Township of Ronald, Ionia County, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Township of Ronald's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Township of Ronald, Ionia County, Michigan as of March 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, the Township has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as of April 1, 2005.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an epinion on the Township's basic financial statements. The other supporting information described in the accompanying table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, it is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C. Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended March 31, 2006

The Management's Discussion and Analysis report of the Township of Ronald covers the Township's financial performance during the year ended March 31, 2006.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our financial status remained stable over the last year. Net assets at March 31, 2006, totaled \$253,162.64 for governmental activities. Overall total capital assets remained the same.

Overall revenues were \$180,470.18. Governmental activities had a \$8,716.35 decrease in net assets.

We did not incur any new debt.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two different kinds of statements that present different views of the Township and the notes to the financial statements.

The first two statements are entity-wide financial statements and provide both long and short-term information about our overall financial status. These statements present governmental activities.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on individual parts of the Township in more detail.

The notes to the financial statements explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statement information with budgetary comparisons.

ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The entity-wide statements report information about the Township as a whole using accounting methods used by private companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the Township's assets and liabilities. The statement of activities records all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when received or paid.

The two entity-wide statements report net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the entity's assets and liabilities and this is one method to measure the entity's financial health or position.

Over time increases/decreases in the entity's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

To assess overall health of the entity you may also have to consider additional factors such as tax base changes, facility conditions and personnel changes.

All of the activities of the Township are reported as governmental activities. This includes the General Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended March 31, 2006

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Township's funds, focusing on significant (major) funds not the Township as a whole. Funds are used to account for specific activities or funding sources. Some funds are required by law or bond covenants. The Township Board also may create them. Funds are established to account for funding and spending of specific financial resources and to show proper expenditures of those resources.

The Township has the following types of funds:

Governmental funds: All of the Township's activities are included in the governmental category. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis, which is designed to show short-term financial information. You will note that the differences between the Township's entity-wide statements and the fund statements are disclosed in reconciling statements to explain the differences between them. The Township's governmental activities include the General Fund.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP AS A WHOLE

Our cash position in the governmental activities remains stable.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWNSHIP'S FUNDS

The General Fund pays for all of the Township's governmental services. The most significant are highways and streets which incurred expenses of \$41,962.90 and Fire Protection which incurred expenses of \$37,634.84.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

The Township's governmental activities did not invest in capital assets this year.

The Township's governmental activities paid \$17,453.03 in principal on long-term debt this year.

KNOWN FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE OPERATIONS

The future of state revenue sharing is very clouded and it represents 75% of our income.

CONTACTING THE TOWNSHIP'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, creditors, investors and customers with a general overview of the Townships finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions concerning this report please contact the Township Treasurer, Tamara Hartman (616) 527-4445 or the Township Clerk, Arthur Pelon (616) 761-3952.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash in bank	115 642 62
Taxes receivable	4 243 03
Total Current Assets	119 885 65
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:	
Capital Assets	206 456 00
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(54 893 45)
Total Non-current Assets	<u>151 562 55</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	271 448 20
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:	
LIABILITIES: CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Total Current Liabilities	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Contract payable	<u>18 285 56</u>
Total Non-current liabilities	<u>18 285 56</u>
Total Liabilities	18 285 56
NET ASSETS:	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	133 276 99
Unrestricted	<u>119 885 65</u>
Total Net Assets	253 162 64
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	271 448 20

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended March 31, 2006

		Program Revenue	Governmental Activities Net (Expense)
	_	Charges for	Revenue and Changes in Net
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	<u>Services</u>	Assets
Governmental Activities:			
Legislative	18 422 20	-	(18 422 20)
General government	67 041 37	11 888 68	(55 152 69)
Public safety	57 794 86	1 235 00	(57 794 86)
Public works	44 223 37	-	(42 988 37)
Interest on long-term debt	1 704 73	-	(1 704 73)
Total Governmental Activities	189 186 53	13 123 68	(176 062 85)
General Revenues:			
Property taxes			28 115 22
State revenue sharing			133 815 74
Interest			4 482 67
Miscellaneous			932 87
Total General Revenues			167 346 50
Change in net assets			(8 716 35)
Net assets, beginning of year			261 878 99
Net Assets, End of Year			253 162 64

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2006

	Total (General)
<u>Assets</u>	
Cash in bank Taxes receivable Due from other funds	114 413 80 4 243 03 1 228 82
Total Assets	<u>119 885 65</u>
Liabilities and Fund Equity	
Liabilities Total liabilities	
Fund equity: Fund balances: Unreserved: Undesignated Total fund equity	119 885 65 119 885 65
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	119 885 65

$\frac{\text{RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}{\text{$\text{TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS}}}$

March 31, 2006

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	119 885 65
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because –	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:	
Capital assets at cost Accumulated depreciation	206 456 00 (54 893 45)
Long-term debt liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Contracts payable	(18 285 56)

253 162 64

TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year ended March 31, 2006

	Total
Revenues:	(General)
Property taxes	28 115 22
Trailer park fees	214 50
State revenue sharing	133 815 74
Charges for services – PTAF	11 674 18
Interest	4 482 67
Special assessments	1 235 00
Miscellaneous	932 87
Total revenues	<u> 180 470 18</u>
Expenditures:	
Legislative:	
Township Board	18 422 20
General government:	
Supervisor	8 116 00
Elections	521 50
Clerk	13 329 68
Assessor	10 564 92
Board of Review	1 087 50
Treasurer	14 046 43
Building and grounds	15 851 34
Cemetery	3 524 00
Public safety:	
Fire protection	37 634 84
Ambulance Public works:	10 728 15
	14 000 00
Highways and streets Street lighting	41 962 90
Debt service	2 260 47
Debt service	19 157 76
Total expenditures	197 207 69
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
over expenditures	(16 737 51)
Fund balances, April 1	<u>136 623 16</u>
Fund Balances, March 31	<u>119 885 65</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended March 31, 2006

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	(16 737 51)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation	
Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay	(9 431 87) -
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, the repayment does not have an effect in the statement of activities but does reduce the debt balance in the statement of net assets.	17 453 0 <u>3</u>

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

(8 716 35)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2006

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Township of Ronald, Ionia County, Michigan, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the Township contain all the Township funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Township's executive or legislative branches.

The reporting entity is the Township of Ronald. The Township is governed by an elected Township Board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Township as the primary government.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All the Township's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted resources are applied first.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2006

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund includes the general operating expenditures of the local unit. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state and federal distributions, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

Fiduciary Fund

The Current Tax Collection Fund is used to account for assets held as an agent for others.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Bank deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalent investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables

Receivables have been recognized for all significant amounts due to the Township. Allowances for uncollectible accounts have not been provided for in that collection is not considered doubtful and any uncollected amount would be immaterial.

Inventories

Inventories of supplies are considered to be immaterial and are not recorded.

Property Taxes

Property taxes and other revenue that are both measurable and available for use to finance operations are recorded as revenue when earned.

Properties are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. These taxes are due on February 14 with the final collection date of February 28 before they are added to the county tax rolls. The 2005 tax roll millage rate was .7286 mills, and the taxable value was \$35,934,216.00.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances involving the current recognition of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for future expenditures are not recorded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2006

Note 1 – <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial cost of more than \$500.00 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building 30 years Equipment 20-30 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

Employees are not allowed to accumulate vacation and sick pay.

Post-employment Benefits

The Township provides no post-employment benefits to past employees.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Accounting Change

Effective April 1, 2005, the Township implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* (GASB No. 34). Changes to the Township's financial statements as a result of GASB No. 34 are as follows:

A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing analysis of the Township's overall financial position and results of operations has been included.

Government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) prepared using the full accrual accounting for all the Township's activities have been provided.

Capital assets in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets include net assets totaling \$151,562.55.

Note 2 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the proposed budget for each budgetary fund is submitted to the Township Board for consideration.
- The proposed budgets include expenditures as well as the methods of financing them.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2006

Note 2 – Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

- 3. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- The budgets are adopted at the activity level by a majority vote of the Township Board.
- 5. The budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 6. The originally adopted budgets can be amended during the year only by a majority vote of the Township Board.
- 7. The adopted budgets are used as a management control device during the year for all budgetary funds.
- 8. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 9. The budgeted amounts shown in these financial statements are the originally adopted budgets with all amendments that were approved by the Township Board during the fiscal year.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Township to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; banker's acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

The Township Board has designated one bank for the deposit of Township funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all investments authorized by state law as listed above.

The Township's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, risk disclosures for the cash deposits are as follows:

	Carrying <u>Amounts</u>
Total Deposits	115 642 62

Amounts in the bank balances are without considering deposits in transit or uncleared checks.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2006

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

	Bank <u>Balances</u>
Insured (FDIC) Uninsured and Uncollateralized	107 414 30 15 642 62
Total Deposits	123 056 92

The Township did not have any investments as of March 31, 2006.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Township's Governmental activities for the current year was as follows:

	Balance 4/1/05	Additions	Deletions	Balance 3/31/06
Governmental Activities:				
Land	1 350 00	-	-	1 350 00
Building	6 000 00	-	-	6 000 00
Equipment	<u>199 106 00</u>	-		<u>199 106 00</u>
Total	206 456 00	-	-	206 456 00
Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(45 461 58)</u>	<u>(9 431 87)</u>		(54 893 45)
Net Capital Assets	160 994 42	(9 431 87)	_	<u> 151 562 55</u>

Note 5 - Changes in Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows.

	Balance			Balance
	<u>4/1/05</u>	Additions	Deletions	3/31/06
Contact Payable	<u>35 738 59</u>		17 453 03	18 285 56

Note 6 - Contract Payable

On November 9, 2002, the Township obtained a \$68,297.00 loan to partially fund the purchase of a fire truck. The loan is repayable in four annual payments of \$19,157.76 including interest at the rate of 4.77% per annum. The principal balance outstanding as of March 31, 2006 was \$18,285.56.

Note 7 - Pension Plan

The Township has a defined contribution pension plan covering substantially all full time employees. The Township's contribution for the year ended March 31, 2006 was \$8,888.40.

Note 8 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The Township does not have a deferred compensation plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2006

Note 9 - Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Township has purchased commercial insurance for property loss, torts and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10 - Building Permits

The Township of Ronald does not issue building permits. Building permits are issued by the County of Ionia.

Note 11 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

The amounts of interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund Receivable	<u>Fund</u>	interfund Payable
General	1 228 82	Current Tax Collection	1 228 82
Total	1 228 82	Total	1 228 82

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND Year ended March 31, 2006

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:	<u> </u>	Duaget	7101001	
Property taxes	32 000 00	32 000 00	28 115 22	(3 884 78)
Trailer park fees	200 00	200 00	214 50	14 50
State revenue sharing	135 028 00	135 028 00	133 815 74	(1 212 26)
Charges for services- PTAF	7 000 00	7 000 00	11 674 18	4 674 18
Interest	1 450 00	1 450 00	4 482 67	3 032 67
Special assessments	1 230 00	1 230 00	1 235 00	5 00
Miscellaneous	540 00	540 00	932 87	392 87
Total revenues	177 448 00	177 448 00	180 470 18	3 022 18
Expenditures:				
Legislative:				
Township Board	31 000 00	26 000 00	18 422 20	(7 577 80)
General government:				
Supervisor	9 000 00	9 000 00	8 116 00	(884 00)
Elections	2 000 00	2 000 00	521 50	(1 478 50)
Clerk	15 000 00	15 000 00	13 329 68	(1 670 32)
Assessor	14 000 00	14 000 00	10 564 92	(3 435 08)
Board of Review	1 500 00	1 500 00	1 087 50	(412 50)
Treasurer	16 000 00	16 000 00	14 046 43	(1 953 57)
Building and grounds	16 000 00	16 000 00	15 851 34	(148 66)
Cemetery	7 500 00	7 500 00	3 524 00	(3 976 00)
Public safety:				
Fire protection	35 000 00	40 000 00	37 634 84	(2 365 16)
Ambulance	11 000 00	11 000 00	10 728 15	(271 85)
Public works:				
Highways and streets	47 148 00	47 148 00	41 962 90	(5 185 10)
Street lighting	3 000 00	3 000 00	2 260 47	(739 53)
Debt service	20 000 00	_20 000 00	19 <u>157 76</u>	(842 24)
Total expenditures	228 148 00	228 148 00	197 207 69	(30 940 31)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(50 700 00)	(50 700 00)	(16 737 51)	33 962 49
Fund balance, April 1	50 700 00	50 700 00	<u>136 623 16</u>	<u>85 923 16</u>
Fund Balance, March 31		<u> </u>	119 <u>885 65</u>	<u>119 885 65</u>

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY DETAILED ACCOUNT Year ended March 31, 2006

Township Board:	
Township Board: Wages	2 400 00
Pension	8 888 40
Dues	786 60
Insurance	6 276 00
Printing and publishing	36 40
Miscellaneous	34 80
	<u> 18 422 20</u>
Supervisor:	
Salary	8 000 00
Miscellaneous	116 00
	8 116 00
Elections:	407.50
Wages	427 50 94 00
Miscellaneous	521 50
Clerk:	
Salary	12 174 00
Supplies	1 077 38
Miscellaneous	
	13 329 68
Assessor:	0.004.00
Contracted services	9 634 92
Miscellaneous	930 00 10 564 92
Board of Review:	
Wages	1 087 50
Treasurer:	12 156 60
Salary Supplies	12 130 00
Oupplies	14 046 43
Building and grounds:	
Repairs and maintenance	14 546 50
Utilities	280 04
Supplies	<u>1 024 80</u> <u>15 851 34</u>
	15 851 54
Cemetery	3 524 00
Fire protection:	
Fire protection: Wages	14 225 00
Utilities	439 55
Supplies	4 591 30
Telephone	694 24
Insurance	12 536 75
Repairs and maintenance	4 426 71
Miscellaneous	721 29
	37 634 84

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES BY DETAILED ACCOUNT Year ended March 31, 2006

Ambulance	<u>10 728 15</u>
Highways and streets	41 962 90
Street lighting	2 260 47
Debt service	19 157 76
Total Expenditures	197 207 69

CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Year ended March 31, 2006

<u>Assets</u>	Balance <u>4/1/</u> 05	Additions	Deductions	Balance 3/31/06
Cash in Bank	<u>785 47</u>	827 005 28	826 561 93	1 228 82
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Due to other funds Due to others	702 97 82 50	39 229 25 787 776 03	38 703 40 787 858 53	1 228 82
Total Liabilities	785 47	827 005 28	<u>826 561 93</u>	1 228 82

CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS Year ended March 31, 2006

Cash in bank – beginning of year	
Cash receipts: Property tax Interest Total cash receipts	825 265 85 1 739 43 827 005 28
Total beginning balance and cash receipts	<u>827 790 75</u>
Cash disbursements: Township General Fund Ionia County Ionia Public Schools Palo Community Schools Ionia Intermediate School District Carson City- Crystal Area Schools Central Montcalm Public Schools Montcalm County Intermediate School District Montcalm Community College Refunds Total cash disbursements	38 703 40 391 103 11 197 143 92 55 427 57 142 289 24 167 96 745 28 557 68 410 76 13 01 826 561 93
Cash in Bank – End of Year	1 228 82

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA KENNETH P. KUSTERER, CPA

512 N. LINCOLN AVE. - SUITE 100 P.O. BOX 686 BAY CITY, MICHIGAN 48707

TEL (989) 894-1040 FAX (989) 894-5494

AUDIT COMMUNICATION AND REPORT OF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

August 4, 2006

To the Township Board Township of Ronald Ionia County, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the Township of Ronald for the year ended March 31, 2006. As required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the independent auditor is required to make several communications to the governing body having oversight responsibility for the audit. The purpose of this communication is to provide you with additional information regarding the scope and results of our audit that may assist you with your oversight responsibilities of the financial reporting process for which management is responsible.

<u>AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY UNDER AUDITING STANDARDS GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES</u>

We conducted our audit of the financial statements of the Township of Ronald in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. The following paragraph explains our responsibilities under those standards.

Management has the responsibility for adopting sound accounting policies, for maintaining an adequate and effective system of accounts, for the safeguarding of assets, and for devising an internal control structure that will, among other things, help assure the proper recording of transactions. The transactions that should be reflected in the accounts and in the financial statements are matters within the direct knowledge and control of management. Our knowledge of such transactions is limited to that acquired through our audit. Accordingly, the fairness of representations made through the financial statements is an implicit and integral part of management's accounts and records. However, our responsibility for the financial statements is confined to the expression of an opinion on them. The financial statements remain the responsibility of management.

The concept of materiality is inherent in the work of an independent auditor. An auditor places greater emphasis on those items that have, on a relative basis, more importance to the financial statements and greater possibilities of material error than those items of lesser importance or those in which the possibility of material error is remote.

For this purpose, materiality has been defined as "the magnitude of an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would have been changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement."

An independent auditor's objective in an audit is to obtain sufficient competent evidential matter to provide a reasonable basis for forming an opinion on the financial statements. In doing so, the auditor must work within economic limits; the opinion, to be economically useful, must be formed within a reasonable length of time and at reasonable cost. That is why an auditor's work is based on selected tests rather than an attempt to verify all transactions. Since evidence is examined on a test basis only, an audit provides only reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance, that financial statements are free of material misstatement. Thus, there is a risk that audited financial statements may contain undiscovered material errors or fraud. The existence of that risk is implicit in the phrase in the audit report, "in our opinion."

To the Township Board Township of Ronald Ionia County, Michigan

In the audit process, we gain an understanding of the internal control structure of an entity for the purpose of assisting in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit testing. Our understanding is obtained by inquiry of management, testing transactions, and observation and review of documents and records. The amount of work done is not sufficient to provide a basis for an opinion on the adequacy of the internal control structure.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

Auditing standards call for us to inform you of other significant issues such as, but not limited to, 1) Accounting estimates that are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements or because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments; 2) Significant audit adjustments that may not have been detected except through the auditing procedures we performed; 3) Disagreements with management regarding the scope of the audit or application of accounting principles; 4) Consultation with other accountants; 5) Major issues discussed with management prior to retention; and 6) Difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

We have no significant issues, regarding these matters, to report to you at this time. Audit adjustments were minimal, and are available to review.

GASB 34 IMPLEMENTATION

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued a new reporting model for governmental units which was required to be implemented for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006. The implementation of this pronouncement for the Township of Ronald began with the year ended March 31, 2006. The daily operations and recording transactions did not change significantly, however, the Township is required to maintain additional records for the year end adjustments to the final presentation format.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATION REGARDING INTERNAL CONTROLS/ COMPLIANCE/ EFFICIENCY

Our procedures disclosed the following conditions that we would like to bring to your attention:

SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

A separation of duties between persons who authorize transactions and persons who have control over the related assets does not always exist.

The least desirable accounting system is one in which an employee is responsible for executing the transaction and then recording the transaction from its origin to its ultimate posting in the General Ledger. This increases the likelihood that intentional or unintentional errors will go undetected. In most cases, adequate segregation of duties substantially increases control over errors without duplication of effort.

We understand that due to the size of needed staff, a proper segregation of duties may be impractical and the "cost to benefit" relationship may not justify the addition of accounting staff to accomplish the desired segregation.

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the audit tests to be applied in our audit of the Township's financial statements and this communication of these matters does not affect our report on the Township's financial statements, dated March 31, 2006.

To the Township Board Township of Ronald Ionia County, Michigan

SUMMARY

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the foregoing comments and we would be happy to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Campbell, Kustun & Co., P.C. CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants